

ABSTRACT BOOK

19th Prof. Vladas Gronskas International Scientific Conference

29th of November 2024

Kaunas, Lithuania

This conference has received funding from the Research Council of Lithuania (LMTLT), agreement No P-MOR-24-14.





19th Prof. Vladas Gronskas International Scientific Conference

Abstract Book

29th of November, 2024



Scientific Committee

Prof. Dr Remigijus Čiegis, Vilnius University, Lithuania

Prof. Dr Veselin Draskovic, University of Montenegro, Montenegro

Prof. Dr Edmundas Jasinskas, Vilnius University, Lithuania

Prof. Dr Dalia Krikščiūnienė, Vilnius University, Lithuania

Prof. Dr Zorica Bogdanović, University of Belgrade, Serbia

Prof. Dr Asta Mikalauskienė, Vilnius University, Lithuania

Prof. Dr Vesna Bosili Vukšić, University of Zagreb, Croatia

Ph.D. Dalia Suša Vugec, University of Zagreb, Croatia

Prof. Dr Kristina Rudžionienė, Vilnius University, Lithuania

Assoc. prof. Ewelina Idziak, Kazimierz Wielki University, Poland

Prof. Dr Dalia Štreimikienė, Vilnius University, Lithuania

Ph.D. Mine Afacan Findikli, UBI Business School, Belgium

Prof. Dr Rūta Čiutienė, Kaunas University of Technology, Lithuania

Assoc. Prof. Dr Ilona Kiaušienė, Vilnius University, Lithuania

Assoc. Prof. Dr Rasa Pušinaitė – Gelgotė, Vilnius University, Lithuania

Assoc. Prof. Dr Ingrida Šarkiūnaitė, Vilnius University, Lithuania

Assoc. Prof. Dr Rumiana Zlateva, Konstantin Preslavsky University of Shumen, Bulgaria

Assoc. Prof. Dr Giedrius Romeika, Vilnius University, Lithuania

Assist. Prof. Dr Indrė Ščiukauskė, Vilnius University, Lithuania

Lect. Dr Beatrice Leustean, University POLITEHNICA of Bucharest, Romania

Ph.D., Ing. Leonard Walletzký, Masaryk University, Czech Republic

Asist. Prof. Dr Rasa Bartkutė, Vilnius University, Lithuania

Organizing Committee

Project Manager:

Assoc. Prof. Dr Ingrida Šarkiūnaitė, Vilnius University, Lithuania

Director of the Institute of Social Sciences and Applied Informatics - Assist. Prof. Dr Indrė Ščiukauskė, Vilnius University, Lithuania

Prof. Dr Dalia Krikščiūnienė, Vilnius University, Lithuania

Assoc. Prof. Dr Kiaušienė Ilona, Vilnius University, Lithuania

Doctoral students:

Viltė Lubytė, Gabija Stanislovaitytė, Daiva Masaitytė, Jūratė Budrienė, Neringa Grigarienė-Vaitiekūnaitė, Vaida Mardosaitė, Vilnius University, Lithuania

IT manager:

Juozas Stočkus, Vilnius University, Lithuania

Public Relations:

Rima Kubiliūtė, Monika Būblaitytė, Inga Vaitkevičiūtė, Domantė Vaišvylaitė, Jorė Bendinskaitė, Vilnius University, Lithuania

Editor:

Prof. Dr Dalia Krikščiūnienė, Assoc. Prof. Dr Ingrida Šarkiūnaitė

ISSN 2669-0233

- © Authors, 2024
- © Vilnius University, 2024.

This is an Open Access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution Licence, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

CONTENT

PROGRAMME		7		
ABSTRACTS		11		
Erkan Ağaslan, Hasan Türe	The Relationship Between Energy Consumption, CO2 Emissions, Economic Growth, and Macroeconomic Openness	12		
Laura Atmanavičiūtė, Saulius Masteika	Towards Understanding the Application Areas of Zero Knowledge Proof: A Comprehensive Analysis	12		
Neringa Grigarienė	A New Co-operative Activity Model on the Development of New Design Products in Creative Hubs	13		
Diyana Yordanova	Encourage of Sustainable Business - Approaches for Increasing of the Scale and Impact Over the Natural Tourism in Shumen Municipality			
Darius Karaša, Stasys Girdzijauskas	Prerequisites for the Formation of the Theory of Financial Saturation: The Return of Marginalism	14		
Imants Krezins	Business Incubators: Challenges with Admission Criteria	14		
Lilija Kublickienė	The Social Impact of the Cultural and Creative Industries and the Challenges of its Measurement	15		
Sima Kučinskaitė, Virginija Jurėnienė	The Process of Empowering the Artist into the Art Market	15		
Aistė Kukytė	Does Team Viability Enhance Career Satisfaction and Decrease Quiet Quitting in Knowledge Workers Teams?	16		
Viltė Lubytė	The Influence of Digital Advertising on Financial Service Purchase Intentions: The Role of Consumer Emotions and Trust	16		
Vaida Mardosaitė	The Impact of Digital Innovative Services on Consumer Behavior in the Convergence of Retail	17		
Daiva Masaitytė	Improvisation as Innovation in Creative Industries Project Management	17		
Raminta Počepavičiūtė, Ilona Kiaušienė	Impact of Digital Technologies on the Labour Market	18		
Yehor Poliarskyi	Employees Cybersecurity Challenges: Phishing Threats and Prevention	18		
Rugilė Sabonytė	Art and Culture Patronage in Lithuania: How It Affects Culture, Business, and Society	19		
Ineta Simonaitė	Citizen Science for Sustainable Resilience and Green Innovation	19		
Olga Snarskė	Optimization Through Advanced Process Management in Logistics	20		
Gabija Stanislovaitytė	Exploring Biomass as a Carbon Sink in the Baltic States with Socio-Economic Impacts and Forest Restoration Insights	20		
Ugnė Sungailė, Asta Stankevičienė	Exploring How Green Human Resource Management Practices Influence Employee Green Behavior	21		

	Synergy Between National Funding System and University	
Gintarė Židonė	Budgeting: A Literature Review on Higher Education Effectiveness	21
POSTERS		22
Evelina Abramavičiūtė, Miglė Šuminaitė,	The Impact of Fur Color on a Dog's Time in a Shelter	23
Stela Bobelytė, Deimantė Stasionytė	Does a Dog's Color Affect Your Decision?	24
Agnė Stepulaitytė, Auksė Šukytė	User Activity Before and After Email Campaign	25
Viktorija Potechina, Goda Ramoškaitė	What Form of Promotion is the Most Effective in Driving Traffic to Your Site?	26
Vaiva Gumuliauskaitė, Amelija Cirtautaitė	Online Content on the Effect of Food	27
Rusnė Rutkauskaitė, Ieva Gaučiatė	The Influence of Visual Elements on the Duration of the Blog User Engagement	28
Greta Budrytė, Rokas Babinskas	Visitor Behavior Insights: Identifying and Solving Barriers to Engagement	29
Jonas Andriuškevičius, Karolis Vaiginis	Research of Factors Influencing Dog Adoption Processes and Shelter Stay Duration	30
Simona Šiugždaitė, Ignė Litvaitytė	Model for Predicting Dog Stay Time at "Penkta Koja" Animal Shelter	31
Aušrinė Vainauskaitė, Karolis Vagusevičius	The Influence of Age and Color on the Time Puppies Spend in Shelters: Application of Machine Learning Methods in Data Analysis	32
Lukas Malinauskas, Mantas Kornelijus Vanagas	Analysis of Puppy Adoption Speed from "Penkta Koja" Shelter Based on Different Criteria	33
Deimantė Pažėraitė, Aušrinė Štreimikė, Ieva Trilikauskaitė	One Mile Earth	34
Eglė Andriuškaitė, Karolina Jasaitė	Sporto DNR	35
Erika Monstavičiūtė, Alina Šimukonytė, Ignas Lapienis, Titas Repšys	Factors Affecting the Reputation of UAB "Kauno Vandenys"	36
Eva Zakaraitė, Kamilė Povilaitytė, Viltė Daubaraitė, Eglė Paulauskaitė	Vereinigte Hagel Lithuania Organization Overview	37

Justas Paškauskas, Mykolas Simanaitis, Tomas Achramavičius, Tadas Gatautis	"Vinted" User Customer Support Satisfaction Overview	
Greta Bedalytė, Vaiva Ramanauskaitė, Ugnė Šimonėlytė, Ernestas Žiogas	The Selection of Credit Services	39



19th Prof. Vladas Gronskas International Scientific Conference

29th of November, 2024, Kaunas, Lithuania

CONFERENCE PROGRAMME

	REGISTRATION
09:30-10:00	(Vilnius University Kaunas Faculty, Entrance Hall in Building 2, 1st floor
	Address: Muitinės Str. 8, LT-44280, Kaunas),
	COFFEE (2 nd floor, Room: 5)
	10:00- 10:30 OPENING OF THE CONFERENCE (Room: Prof. V. Gronsko a.)
10:00-10:30	Dean of Vilnius University Kaunas Faculty, Assoc. Prof. Dr Giedrius Romeika,
20.00 20.00	Assoc. Prof. Dr Ingrida Šarkiūnaitė, Prof. Dr Remigijus Čiegis
	KEYNOTE SPEAKERS' PRESENTATIONS (Room: Prof. V. Gronsko a.)
	10:30–10:50 Prof. Vlado Dimovski – Distinguished expert in management and organizational theory at the University of Ljubljana, Faculty of Economics (Slovenia)
	"Authentic Leadership: Bridging Theory and Practice"
	10:50–11:10 Stepas Telešius – Co-founder, shareholder and board member of ACME Grupė and Chairman of the Board of "Vesta Consulting", a sustainable
10:30-11:35	business consultancy (Lithuania)
	"Sustainability in Business, What Are the Most Common Mistakes?"
	11:10–11:30 Ph. D Edgaras Abromavičius – Head of esports and games of the Lithuanian Football Federation, working on projects together with UEFA, FIFA and other international organizations (Lithuania)
	"International Expansion of a Sport Organization Through Innovation: The Case of E-sports"
11:35–12:30	COFFEE BREAK (Room: V a., 2 nd floor) and POSTERS SESSION (near Prof. V. Gronskas a. 2 nd floor and 1 st floor)
12:30-14:30	PARALLEL SESSIONS IN SECTIONS (A, B, C)
14 20 15 20	LUNCH BREAK
14:30–15:30	(Room: 10 a. / Žalčio menė, downstairs)
15:30–16:00	AWARDS FOR THE BEST PRESENTATION FROM EACH SECTION AND CLOSING OF THE CONFERENCE (Room: Prof. V. Gronsko a.)

PARALLEL SESSIONS

SECTION A

Development of Business, Innovation and Entrepreneurship (1) (Room: 7 a.)

Modera Assoc.	ators: Prof. Dr Ilona Kiaušienė, Prof. Dr Dalia Krikščiūnienė -
12:30	Aistė Kukytė (Vilnius University, Lithuania) Does Team Viability Enhance Career Satisfaction and Decrease Quiet Quitting in Knowledge Workers Teams?
12:45	Imants Krezins (University of Latvia, Latvia) Business Incubators: Challenges with Admission Criteria
13:00	Ugnė Sungailė, Asta Stankevičienė (Vilnius University, Lithuania) Exploring How Green Human Resource Management Practices Influence Employee Green Behavior
13:15	Olga Snarskė (Mykolas Romeris University, Lithuania) Optimization Through Advanced Process Management in Logistics
13:30	Viltė Lubytė (Vilnius University, Lithuania) The Influence of Digital Advertising on Financial Service Purchase Intentions: The Role of Consumer Emotions and Trust
13:45	Yehor Poliarskyi (Vilnius University, Lithuania) Employees Cybersecurity Challenges: Phishing Threats and Prevention
14:00	Vaida Mardosaitė (Vilnius University, Lithuania) The Impact of Digital Innovative Services on Consumer Behavior in the Convergence of Retail (Online)

SECTION B

Development of Business, Innovation and Entrepreneurship (2) (Room: VeGa a.)

	Moderators: Prof. Dr Virginija Jurėnienė, Dr Antanas Ūsas				
12:30	Rugilė Sabonytė (Vilnius University, Lithuania) Art and Culture Patronage in Lithuania: How It Affects Culture, Business, and Society				
12:45	Daiva Masaitytė (Vilnius University, Lithuania) Improvisation as Innovation in Creative Industries Project Management				
13:00	Raminta Počepavičiūtė, Ilona Kiaušienė (Vilnius University, Lithuania) Impact of Digital Technologies on the Labour Market				
13:15	Lilija Kublickienė (Lithuanian Centre for Social Sciences, Lithuania) The Social Impact of the Cultural and Creative Industries and the Challenges of its Measurement (Online)				
13:30	Sima Kučinskaitė, Virginija Jurėnienė (Vilnius University, Lithuania) The Process of Empowering the Artist into the Art Market (Online)				
13:45	Neringa Grigarienė (Vilnius University, Lithuania) A New Co-operative Activity Model on the Development of New Design Products in Creative Hubs				

SECTION C

Development of Business, Innovation and Sustainable Development (Room: Prof. V. Gronsko a.)

Moder Prof. D	ators: Pr Remigijus Čiegis, Prof. Dr Asta Mikalauskienė
12:30	Erkan Ağaslan, Hasan Türe (Kütahya Dumlupınar University, Anakara Haci Bayram Veli University, Turkey) The Relationship Between Energy Consumption, CO2 Emissions, Economic Growth, and Macroeconomic Openness
12:45	Laura Atmanavičiūtė, Saulius Masteika (Vilnius University, Lithuania) Towards Understanding the Application Areas of Zero Knowledge Proof: A Comprehensive Analysis
13:00	Darius Karaša, Stasys Girdzijauskas (Lithuanian energy institute, Lithuania) Prerequisites for the Formation of the Theory of Financial Saturation: The Return of Marginalism
13:15	Gabija Stanislovaitytė (Vilnius University, Lithuania) Exploring Biomass as a Carbon Sink in the Baltic States with Socio-Economic Impacts and Forest Restoration Insights
13:30	Ineta Simonaitė (Kaunas University of Technology, Lithuania) Citizen Science for Sustainable Resilience and Green Innovation (Online)
13:45	Diyana Yordanova (Konstantin Preslavski University of Shumen, Bulgaria) Encourage of Sustainable Business - Approaches for Increasing of the Scale and Impact Over the Natural Tourism in Shumen Municipality (Online)
14:00	Gintarė Židonė (Kaunas University of Technology, Lithuania) Synergy Between National Funding System and University Budgeting: A Literature Review on Higher Education Effectiveness (Online)



19th Prof. Vladas Gronskas International Scientific Conference

29th of November 2024

Kaunas, Lithuania

ERKAN AGASLAN, HASAN TURE

Kütahya Dumlupinar University, Ankara Haci Bayram Veli University, Turkey

erkan.agaslan@dpu.edu.tr

THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN ENERGY CONSUMPTION, CO2 EMISSIONS, ECONOMIC GROWTH, AND MACROECONOMIC OPENNESS

This study examines the relationship between energy consumption, CO2 emissions, economic growth and macroeconomic openness in European Union (EU) countries. Using annual data from EU Member States, it aims to understand how energy consumption affects CO2 emissions in the context of economic growth and trade openness. Given global priorities on sustainability and climate change, analysing these factors within the EU is particularly relevant. The EU has been at the forefront of implementing policies to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, promote renewable energy and support sustainable economic growth. This research will therefore provide insights into the effectiveness of these policies and examine how trade and investment flows interact with environmental and economic variables. The results will contribute to the environmental economics literature and provide policy recommendations for balancing economic growth, environmental sustainability and trade openness in the EU.

Key words: energy consumption, CO2 emissions, economic growth, sustainability, panel data

LAURA ATMANAVIČIŪTĖ, SAULIUS MASTEIKA

Vilnius University, Lithuania laura.atmanaviciute@knf.vu.lt

TOWARDS UNDERSTANDING THE APPLICATION AREAS OF ZERO KNOWLEDGE PROOF: A COMPREHENSIVE ANALYSIS

As privacy and security concerns increase, Zero Knowledge Proof (ZKP) technology offers a promising solution for secure digital verification. ZKP addresses key privacy and security challenges across individual, business, and public sectors by enabling data protection without revealing sensitive information. The aim of this study is to analyze ZKP's application areas by reviewing current literature and case studies, examining its strengths, limitations, and potential risks. Findings highlight the capability of ZKP to enhance privacy, security, and verification processes across various fields, including blockchain technology, identity authentication, secure data sharing, and digital voting systems. The paper provides a balanced perspective on ZKP's benefits and challenges, including computational complexity and scalability issues. By suggesting practical use cases, this work aims to contribute to a deeper understanding of how ZKP technology can support innovation across various industries while addressing critical privacy and security needs.

Key words: zero knowledge proof, ZKP, blockchain, data privacy

NERINGA GRIGARIENĖ

Vilnius University, Lithuania neringa.grigariene@knf.stud.vu.lt

A NEW CO-OPERATIVE ACTIVITY MODEL ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF NEW DESIGN PRODUCTS IN CREATIVE HUBS

Creative hubs represent novel business models in creative industries aimed at developing new products. Today, design is recognized as a strategic tool for addressing social, cultural, economic, and environmental issues through creativity and design thinking, which enhance organizational efficiency and creativity. This approach fosters a customer-focused perspective and enables the creation of innovative solutions tailored to customer needs. Aim of the paper- to analyse a new cooperative activity model on the development of new design products in creative hubs. This paper explores the crucial role of collaboration in creative hubs, analysing collaboration activities as cooperation best practices, and providing insights into how they bring together developers, project managers and implementers to breakthrough design innovations in new product development, following the 3Cs of the co-operation model in creative hubs. Research problem: what constitutes the framework for novel co-operative activities aimed at fostering the development of new design products in creative hubs?

Key words: creative hubs, co-operation, creative Industries, design products

DIYANA YORDANOVA

Konstantin Preslavsky University of Shumen, Bulgaria diq.nikolova@gmail.com

ENCOURAGE OF SUSTAINABLE BUSINESS - APPROACHES FOR INCREAING OF THE SCALE AND IMPACT OVER THE NATURAL TOURISM IN SHUMEN MUNICIPALITY

Humanity has proven that man and his concerns are above the daily tasks of the natural cycle. People need concrete, oil and steel instead of walking on the grass, birdsong and natural medicine. As the technological world advances, people increasingly need tranquility and living in sync with nature. There, near Shumen, in the village of Marash, nature created a thermal spring with healthy indicators for balneotherapy of joint diseases, inhalations and drinking balneotherapy. The purpose of the presentation is to build a concept for sustainable and coherent with the natural environment tourism. There will be presented some ideas for building a thermal complex with more natural materials, local food and service. Making a connection with the beautiful environment in the natural park "Shumen plateau", local producers of lavandula, vegetables, fruits and meat. How to turn the view from a usual landscape to a recognizable place for health and sustainability.

Key words: sustainable business, nature tourism, circular economy, new opportunity, mineral water

DARIUS KARAŠA, STASYS GIRDZIJAUSKAS

Lithuanian Energy Institute, Lithuania darius.karasa@lei.lt

PREREQUISITES FOR THE FORMATION OF THE THEORY OF FINANCIAL SATURATION: THE RETURN OF MARGINALISM

The prerequisites for the formation of the theory of financial saturation are revealed through marginalism economic theory (19th century). The development of economic theory came to an abrupt halt as the marginalism revolution got under way, splitting up into separate theories. This is associated with the uneven development of individual disciplines and the complicated application of mathematics to economic theory. The aim of the presentation is to reveal the theory of financial saturation development: the marginalism approach and application to saturation interest conversions, the construction of a new market equilibrium model. Analysis explores the potential for transforming saturation percentages into functional forms representing supply, demand, and utility. Transformation allows for the reinterpretation of the classical law of value, offering a pathway to constructing an innovative model of economic equilibrium. New model offers insights into the causes of bubbles and inflation, business cycle regulation, and actualization of mixed economic system.

Key words: marginalism, financial saturation, market equilibrium model, bifurcation

IMANTS KREZINS

University of Latvia, Latvia imants.krezins@students.lu.lv

BUSINESS INCUBATORS: CHALLENGES WITH ADMISSION CRITERIA

This paper examines the challenges business incubators (BIs) face in setting admission criteria and measuring success. BIs focusing on entrepreneurial education use broad criteria to attract diverse entrepreneurs, while those targeting new venture creation apply strict criteria to select high-potential startups. These differing approaches affect program design and complicate success evaluation. Furthermore, admission criteria influence selection by categorizing applicants into those who will succeed without BI support, those who need the BI to succeed, and those who won't succeed even with support. By favoring the first group, BIs increase the chances of success but neglect those who would benefit most. The varied approaches in BI philosophy, combined with incubatee selection, create internal goal misalignments that might negatively influence the success of BIs and create challenges in measuring their effectiveness.

Key words: admission criteria, business incubators, entrepreneurial education, new venture creation, success measurement

LILIJA KUBLICKIENĖ

Lithuanian Centre for Social Sciences, Lithuania lilija.kublickiene@gmail.com

THE SOCIAL IMPACT OF THE CULTURAL AND CREATIVE INDUSTRIES AND THE CHALLENGES OF ITS MEASUREMENT

It is widely recognised that CCIs are vital engines of economic growth, but CCIs are unique beyond their economic impact, they also have significant social impacts – from health and well-being to social inclusion and the promotion of social capital. However, the lack of research and methodological tools to assess the social impact of CCIs still leaves the sector undervalued.

The aim of the presentation is to discuss the challenges related to measuring the social impact of CCIs.

The qualitative research with CCIs experts allowed to identify the key problem areas of CCI social impact measurement, such as:

- uncertainty/different interpretation of the concept of social impact (and impact in general);
- diversity of CCIs sub-sectors and the possibilities of reflecting their social impact specifics;
- relevance of monetised vs content-based measurement of social impact;
- empirical measurement issues: long-term measurement period, difficulty in isolating the impact of the CCI, etc.

Key words: cultural and creative industries (CCIs), social impact, measurement

SIMA KUČINSKAITĖ, VIRGINIJA JURĖNIENĖ

Vilnius University, Lithuania kucinskaitesima@gmail.com

THE PROCESS OF EMPOWERING THE ARTIST INTO THE ART MARKET

The accessibility and purchase of artwork these days open up more opportunities for artists to exhibit, sell their work on a larger scale and gain recognition. However, simultaneously, there is high competition between all participants in the art market. The creator, not knowing how to start, faces challenges and obstacles to become a well-known art representative. In this case, artists can be helped by art galleries, which give creators the opportunity to show their creations and provide other support. In that instance, the gallery plays a role in empowering the artist to participate in the art market. Thus, the purpose of this study is to explore the process of empowering an artist to participate in the art market. It is important to understand how this process works and helps artist career, so the presentation includes the results of research on artists and galleries, model, the empowerment process and emerging problems.

Key words: *empowering process, gallery, artist, empowerment, art market*

AISTĖ KUKYTĖ

Vilnius University, Lithuania aiste.kukyte@evaf.stud.vu.lt

DOES TEAM VIABILITY ENHANCE CAREER SATISFACTION AND DECREASE QUIET QUITTING IN KNOWLEDGE WORKERS TEAMS?

One of the most pressing challenges for organizations today is employee retention, as high turnover negatively impacts team performance, dynamics, and increases organizational costs. Low engagement often signals "quiet quitting," where employees limit themselves to assigned duties and avoid extra tasks (Formica & Sfodera, 2022), and later quit the organization. High team viability—members' satisfaction, cohesion, and capability for the future—can reduce quiet-quitting behaviors. Team viability also can increase career satisfaction, which represents personal fulfillment and perceived career success, thus reducing quiet-quitting behaviors. The purpose of the presentation is to present quantitative study results on the relationships among team viability, career satisfaction, and quiet quitting in knowledge workers teams. Using data from various team members representing different sectors, and analyzing how age, gender, team size, and tenure influence these dynamic, offering insights for managing quiet-quitting risks.

Key words: team viability, career satisfaction, quiet quitting, knowledge workers teams

VILTĖ LUBYTĖ

Vilnius University, Lithuania vlvlubyte@gmail.com

THE INFLUENCE OF DIGITAL ADVERTISING ON FINANCIAL SERVICE PURCHASE INTENTIONS: THE ROLE OF CONSUMER EMOTIONS AND TRUST

The influence of digital advertising on financial service purchase intentions, mediated by consumer emotions and trust, is crucial in today's digital landscape. Intense online competition requires financial service providers to understand digital advertising, emotions and trust impact on consumer intentions. The purpose of this study is to introduce this conceptual model, illustrating how digital advertising, viewed through message and source characteristics, impacts purchase intentions via consumer emotions and trust. Drawing on the RAIA model, the study conceptualizes the consumer intention journey in the digital space, acknowledging the evolving information adoption landscape. The model differentiates between fear and greed as instantaneous emotional responses to advertising, rather than inherent consumer traits. Furthermore, it distinguishes mistrust as a separate construct from low trust, highlighting its significant impact on purchase intentions. The findings offer practical implications for marketers, researchers, and financial institutions seeking to develop effective digital advertising strategies grounded in the RAIA framework.

Key words: digital advertising, financial services, greed, fear, trust

VAIDA MARDOSAITĖ

Vilnius University, Lithuania vaida.mardosaite@gmail.com

THE IMPACT OF DIGITAL INNOVATIVE SERVICES ON CONSUMER BEHAVIOR IN THE CONVERGENCE OF RETAIL

In recent years, global changes have transformed business models and consumer behavior. Convergence, which refers to the merging of the physical and virtual worlds, has encouraged retailers to adapt to new business models and place greater emphasis on the implementation of digital technologies. However, retailers are more likely to implement not the technologies themselves, which can be complex, but rather the digital innovative services that arise from these technologies. This raises questions about what digital innovative services retailers are adopting and how they affect consumer behavior. First, a systematic literature review was conducted using the PRISMA method, classifying digital technologies and identifying the digital innovative services that retailers introduced during the pandemic. A qualitative study is then planned to systematize the digital innovative services implemented in retail convergence, and the results will be used to conduct a quantitative study to understand how digital innovative services influence consumer behavior.

Key words: digital technologies, digital innovative services, retail, convergence

DAIVA MASAITYTĖ

Vilnius University, Lithuania daiva.masaityte@knf.stud.vu.lt

IMPROVISATION AS INNOVATION IN CREATIVE INDUSTRIES PROJECT MANAGEMENT

The main topic is the link between improvisation and innovation in creative industries projects. The presentation highlights that improvisation, as the ability to react spontaneously and creatively to situations, is an important driver of innovation. The report stresses that innovation is crucial for the success of an organization. New ideas and solutions help to increase efficiency, improve performance and remain competitive. Projects are the perfect environment for new ideas to be born and implemented. Improvisation, as the ability to react spontaneously and generate new ideas, is closely linked to innovation. This presentation aims to show the link between improvisation and innovation. The report stresses that successful projects require creativity, flexibility and adaptability to changing conditions. To foster innovation, organizations need to create an enabling environment that values creativity and encourages the generation of new ideas. The study is based on a comparative method of scientific analysis and synthesis.

Key words: improvisation, innovation, creative industries, project management

RAMINTA POČEPAVIČIŪTĖ, ILONA KIAUŠIENĖ

Vilnius University, Lithuania raminta.pocepaviciute@knf.stud.vu.lt

IMPACT OF DIGITAL TECHNOLOGIES ON THE LABOUR MARKET

Innovations such as blockchain, artificial intelligence, and the Internet of Things are having an increasing impact on different sectors of the economy. These changes are creating new jobs while at the same time changing the nature of work, demanding new skills, and reducing the demand for traditional jobs. The aim of the research is to identify the impact of digital technologies on the labour market. The results show that the implications of digital technologies for the labour market and employment of workers are analysed from different perspectives. The rapid development of digital technologies promotes innovation, leading to faster job creation in the labour market. On the other hand, technological processes lead to a reduction in the number of jobs, which will increase unemployment. There are also those who believe that society will not notice major changes in the labour market because technological progress will create as many jobs as it will eliminate.

Key words: digital technologies, labour market, employment, trends

YEHOR POLIARSKY

Vilnius University, Lithuania yehor.poliarskyi@knf.stud.vu.lt

EMPLOYEES CYBERSECURITY CHALLENGES: PHISHING THREATS AND PREVENTION

Cyber incidents caused by human factors have recently become a highly relevant topic, as the number of cyberattacks, particularly phishing, continues to grow. Employees, as the first line of defense, play a crucial role in safeguarding the company's digital assets by identifying and preventing cyber incidents. Successful cyberattacks can lead to significant financial losses, reputational damage, and business disruptions. The purpose of this presentation is to showcase the results of a study conducted in Lithuania, which examines employees' use of preventive e-measures and their vulnerabilities to cyber threats, including the latest phishing cases. The study reveals that significant portion of individuals possess only a moderate understanding of cyber threats and exhibit vulnerabilities in their online security practices, limited awareness of AI threats and gaps in trainings. Based on these findings, the report provides recommendations for tailored education programs, emphasizing the importance of fostering a cybersecurity culture within organizations.

Key words: cybersecurity, phishing, threats

RUGILĖ SABONYTĖ

Vilnius University, Lithuania sabonyte.rugile@gmail.com

ART AND CULTURE PATRONAGE IN LITHUANIA: HOW IT AFFECTS CULTURE, BUSINESS, AND SOCIETY

The presentation examines the importance of art and cultural patronage in Lithuania, exploring its impact on culture, business, and society. It emphasizes how cultural support initiatives play a vital role in shaping Lithuania's cultural landscape and strengthening connections between the arts, the economy, and community development. Key points include the distinct motivations of cultural patrons—driven by civic duty and cultural enrichment rather than commercial gain—and the benefits for various stakeholders. For businesses, patronage enhances brand image and cultural capital; for society, it promotes accessibility and civic identity; and for the arts, it fosters innovation and heritage preservation. The presentation includes recommendations to increase financial support through strategic alignment with social values, educational initiatives, and the promotion of international projects.

Key words: art, culture, patronage

INETA SIMONAITĖ

Kaunas University of Technology, Lithuania ineta.simonaite@ktu.lt

CITIZEN SCIENCE FOR SUSTAINABLE RESILIENCE AND GREEN INNOVATION

Sustainability is one of the most important topics to societies worldwide, "Mitigating and adapting to the impacts of the climate change is one of humanity's biggest challenges in the coming decades" (Kumar et al., 2023). Citizen science might attract a diverse range of individuals to participate in projects with a common goal. Bringing citizens, scientists and policymakers together there is a chance to achieve great changes. The presentation aims to inform and encourage people to engage in climate resilience, sustainable development, and green innovation citizen science projects' initiatives. During the presentation we will talk about the examples of communities that collect data on resources like water and air quality, temperature shifts, biodiversity. Also, we will examine what motivates citizens to engage in such projects.

Key words: citizen science, sustainability, environment, citizen engagement

OLGA SNARSKĖ

Mykolas Romeris University, Lithuania olgasnarske@gmail.com

OPTIMIZATION THROUGH ADVANCED PROCESS MANAGEMENT IN LOGISTICS

In the context of increasing complexity in global supply chains, effective process management has become a crucial determinant of operational efficiency in large-scale logistics companies. This study aims to assess the impact of an advanced process management system, introduced in 2022 within one of the largest logistics enterprises, with the objective of optimizing internal communication and streamlining operations. Utilizing a rigorous analytical framework, the research demonstrates significant improvements in information flow, transparency, and organizational clarity. The system has shown notable efficacy in key areas, including the implementation of quality and environmental policies, the optimization of core operational processes, and the enhancement of management documentation. The findings suggest that advanced process management contributes substantially to the achievement of higher operational efficiency and process optimization. Furthermore, this study offers practical recommendations that may guide similar organizations in improving their logistical performance through systematic process management innovations.

Key words: process management, operational efficiency, process management system (PMS)

GABIJA STANISLOVAITYTĖ

Vilnius University, Lithuania gabija.stanislovaityte@knf.vu.lt

EXPLORING BIOMASS AS A CARBON SINK IN THE BALTIC STATES WITH SOCIO-ECONOMIC IMPACTS AND FOREST RESTORATION INSIGHTS

This paper discusses the role of biomass as a carbon sink for the three Baltic States: Lithuania, Latvia, and Estonia. Its ecological effect, socioeconomic impacts, and interaction with forest restoration processes are assessed. This paper aims to assess the contribution of biomass to carbon sequestration, socio-economic development, and ecological sustainability of the region. Through quantitative data, case studies, and comparative analysis, this research underlines the necessary contribution that biomass will make toward regional and EU carbon neutrality objectives. It looks into the carbon sequestration and renewable energy that agriculture residues, forest biomass, and innovative processes, such as industrial land reclamation, have contributed to. The policy frameworks that also review opportunities for improvement in sustainability and economic outcomes include the EU Renewable Energy Directive and national strategies. Recommendations underline policy harmonization, encouragement of public-private partnerships, and spreading technological innovations as ways to ensure protection of ecological and economic long-term interests. The findings give actionable insights to policymakers, researchers, and industry players for optimum utilization of biomass in addressing climate change.

Key words: biomass, carbon sequestration, forest restoration, Baltic states, renewable energy

UGNĖ SUNGAILĖ, ASTA STANKEVIČIENĖ

Kaunas University of Technology, Lithuania ugne.sungaile@evaf.vu.lt

EXPLORING HOW GREEN HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES INFLUENCE EMPLOYEE GREEN BEHAVIOR

The growing global emphasis on environmental sustainability has positioned green human resource management (GHRM) practices as essential for fostering employee green behavior within organizations. This study explores the impact of GHRM practices on employee green behavior, examining how strategic HR practices, including green recruitment, training, performance appraisal, and reward systems, can shape employee behavior at work. Empirical researches reveal that organizations that actively implement GHRM practices witness a significant increase in employees' green commitment, eco-conscious actions, and sustainable decision-making. This presentation provides valuable insights for academics exploring the impact of GHRM and for practitioners seeking practical strategies to implement GHRM practices within organizations.

Key words: human resource management, green human resource management practices, employee green behavior, sustainability

GINTARĖ ŽIDONĖ

Kaunas University of Technology, Lithuania gintare.zidone@gmail.com

SYNERGY BETWEEN NATIONAL FUNDING SYSTEM AND UNIVERSITY BUDGETING: A LITERATURE REVIEW ON HIGHER EDUCATION EFFECTIVENESS

This presentation examines the synergy between national funding systems and university budgeting and how this impacts on the effectiveness of higher education. In a rapidly evolving global economy, universities play a critical role in driving innovation and development, yet they are often caught between public sector expectations and private sector efficiency models. The aim of this presentation is to analyse the complex relationship between funding sources and university budgeting models, and how this synergy impacts the overall effectiveness of education systems. Key topics include the influence of state funding on university performance metrics, the challenges of balancing national macro-level priorities with micro-level efficiency requirements, and the potential for a theoretical model that aligns institutional and national objectives. By examining current literature, this presentation aims to provide insights into optimising the allocation of resources in higher education to support strategic goals and drive sector-wide improvements.

Key words: national funding systems, university budgeting, higher education effectiveness, university efficiency



19th Prof. Vladas Gronskas International Scientific Conference

29th of November 2024

Kaunas, Lithuania

THE IMPACT OF FUR COLOR ON A DOG'S TIME IN A SHELTER

Team: Evelina Abramavičiūtė, Miglė Šuminaitė Vilnius University, Kaunas Faculty, Lithuania Marketing Technology III course, Lithuania Supervisor: prof. Dr. Dalia Krikščiūnienė



Problem

The length of time dogs stay in shelters depends on their characteristics, such as colour, size, age or appearance. Longer stays require more resources, making it more difficult to run the shelter.

Relevance

Every shelter is trying to adopt animals more efficiently and reduce their length of stay. Understanding which puppy traits affect their length of stay can help plan resources, improve promotional strategies and increase adoption rates.

Novelty

The study integrates classification and clustering methods. The data are used to present the most accurate models and to analyse the most important variables, the importance of which has not been sufficiently analysed in the context of shelters so far.

Objective

Use STATISTICA to determine whether a puppy's characteristics, in particular its colour, have an impact on length of stay in the shelter.

Solutions and research methods

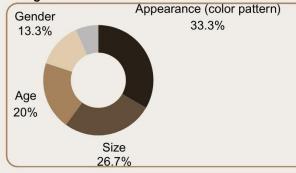
The study was carried out using STATISTICA. Methods used:

- Classification: five models were developed to assess the puppy's characteristics (gender, colour, appearance, size and age).
- Clustering: 3-5 clusters were created, highlighting the characteristics of different groups such as colour, gender and age.

Results

Classification: Appearance and size are the most important predictors of a puppy's length of stay in a shelter. Although colour is a significant factor, it is not a direct predictor of duration.

Clustering: Distinct groups of puppies were identified according to colour, gender and age. For example, a cluster of young, black and white females shows a shorter length of stay, while older, black and brown males often spend longer in the shelter.



Recommendations

More focus on advertising campaigns targeting the less popular types of puppies: older and darker coloured dogs.

Use classification and clustering techniques regularly to monitor trends and update strategies.

> Sources: STATISTICA software documentation Data from "Penkta koja" shelter evelina.abramaviciute@knf.stud.vu.lt



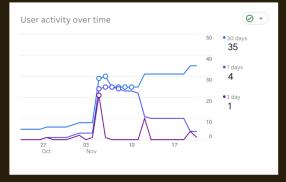


User activity before & after email campaign



Agnė Stepulaitytė, Auksė Šukytė Vilnius University, Kaunas Faculty, Marketing Technologies. Lithuania Doc. dr. Dalia Krikščiūnienė

This study was to analyze how blog visitor activity changed before and after an email campaign. The goal was to see how effective the email campaign was at boosting user engagement and building long-term interest in the blog's content. One key issue that emerged was the temporary nature of the engagement visitor numbers spiked after the email but quickly dropped back to previous levels. The email campaign's impact was tracked through Google Analytics. The results showed that while email campaigns can quickly boost user activity (up to 35 visitors in 30 days), keeping that momentum requires more effort. Future research is needed to explore how these strategies could deliver longer-lasting results.



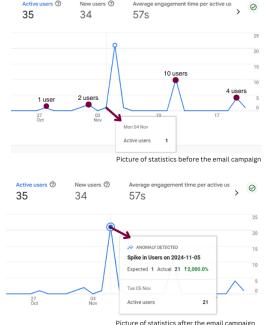
Before

Before the email campaign, number of visitors was minimal, 1-2 visitors per day

Email

Email content: title related to the article, link to the blog, some text introducing the visitor to the blog content.

After the email campaign the number of visitors increased to 21, but the next day it dropped to 1-2 visitors per day, just like before, after the next email the number of visitors only increased to 10



Picture of statistics after the email campaign

Conclusions

Before the email campaign, the number of visitors was 1-2 per day, on the same day after the email, the number of visitors increased to 21, but the next day the number of visitors returned to 1-2 per day. So, email campaigns are only effective for a short time.

https://discovermoremt.blogspot.com 2024



Kaunas Faculty

WHAT FORM OF PROMOTION IS THE MOST EFFECTIVE IN DRIVING TRAFFIC TO YOUR SITE?

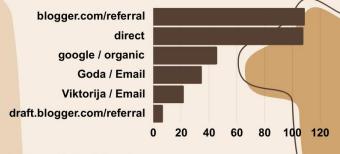


Introduction

This research addresses the question of which promotion tool drives the most traffic to your website. These results would help people in the future manage their finances on which source is better to invest in, instead of running their own analysis and burning daylight with assets.

Article chosen for the sutudy

While researching this topic a similar study was found that achieved comparable results. The articles' information seemed to overlap gave grounds for the results accuracy. According to research done by Husin & Rusa "A study found that the average returning visitor ratio from referral traffic source has the highest percentage of 25% compared to 17% from search traffic source and 19% from direct traffic source. The results showed that different traffic sources have significantly different returning visitor ratio especially between referral traffic source and the direct referral and search referral sources. "(Husin & Ruza, 2017 p 8)



Promotional tools:

In total 3 tools were used:

- Promotion via g-mail we sent out email promoting our website and its posts.
- Referral Other blog pages had a link leading to our blog.
- Direct there was a link that anyone could click on at anytime in an excel spreadsheet.

Conclusion:



To summarize during this research we discovered, that the best way to promote your website is using referral links, because referrals coming from a trusted source can make the user feel safer and build trust more efficiently. As (Husin & Ruza, 2017) we have determined a similar outcome for our research paper. The diagram shows substantial success of the referral links user traffic, coming in close second with direct traffic close third even though the classification of "direct" is composed of several sources (e.g visitors typing in the url, unknown sources, social media, offline docs ext.) so this comparison could be unfair.

In conclusion, referral link promotion works best for attracting the most users to a website, thus choosing this type of promotion will get the best results.



Creators: Viktorija Potechina | Marketing Technologies Goda Ramoškaitė | Marketing Technologies Supervisor: Prof., Dr. Dalia Krikščiūnienė

Contact information: goda.ramoskaite@knf.stud.vu.lt viktorija.potechina@knf.stud.vu.lt



ONLINE CONTENT ON THE EFFECTS OF FOOD



The work was performed by Vaiva Gumuliauskaitė and Amelija Cirtautaitė, VU KnF, Lithuania, Marketing technology II course, Supervisor Prof. dr. Dalia Krikščiūnienė.

Problem

The research problem examines how to attract people and inspire to take interest in food's impact on health.

Aim

This aim focuses on presenting content effectively to spark interest in food's impact on health and measuring user interaction.

Tasks

- Analyzing user data.
- Identifying effective channels for attracting users.
- Measuring user activity.
- Comparing user interest in different posts.

Methods

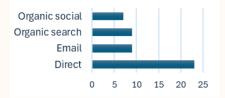
- The creation of blog on "Blogger".
- Analytics done by "Google Analytics".
- Content Creation.

Sources

- https://lt.wikipedia.org/wiki/Baltymai
- https://lt.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cukrus
- https://magija.eu/
- https://www.zpienas.lt/magija/

Results

· The source of new users



The chart shows that most users come through links and Email was the second most effective channel.

• Pages that received the most views

• rages that received the most views				
Page name	Page viev	vs		
Maisto efektas	177	ai.		
Ką cukrus daro mūsų kūnui?	30	lap		
SEZONINĖ NAUJIENA	29	snd		
Kodėl mūsų kūnui yra svarbūs baltymai?	23	2 Populiariausi puslapiai		
"Magija" vs "Pasaka" sūreliai	18	riaı		
Viskas apie cinamoną *SEZONINĖ NAUJIENA*	13	ılia		
Baisi tiesa apie cukrų. Ką cukrus daro mūsų kūnui?	6	obı		
The main page received the most views				

The main page received the most views because users were directed to this page.

· User activity over time



Shows the number of users who used the blog in the last 30 days, 7 days and day. It is shown that there has been a decrease in views, because we have not sent out emails

encouraging the users to visit the blog.



You can scan the QR code on the right to visit our blog.

0





0

The influence of visual elements on the duration of the blog user engagement

Rusnė Rutkauskaitė, Ieva Gaučaitė, Vilnius university, Kaunas Faculty, Muitinės Street 8, LT-44280 Kaunas, Lithuania, Marketing Technologies, 2nd year, work professor Dalia Kriščiūnienė

Problem and its relevance

- Investigate the impact of visual elements on the duration of user engagement with blog content.
- Increasing competition for online attention, understanding how to effectively engage users.

Novelty

- Investigation of the effects of various visual elements on
- Study provides actionable insights for content creators.

page_view	113
user_engagement	93
scroll	57
session_start	31
first_visit	21
click	12
form_start	2

Number of events made by users

Aim

To determine the impact of visual elements on user engagement with blog content.

Compare the engagement of posts with visuals to text-only posts.

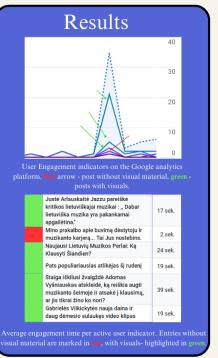
Provide recommendations for optimizing the use of visuals in blog content.

Research methods

- Content Creation
- Data Collection

Recommendations

- Optimize visual quality
- Strategic placement
- Prioritize user experience



Information sources

- muzika-yra-pakankamai-apgailetina-n1286851 https://www.tv3.lt/naujiena/zmones/mino-prakalbo-apie-destytojo-darba-del-to-studentai-
- For data collection and analysis: https://analytics.google.com/ For blog creation: https://www.blogger.com/

Conclusion

Entries with the visual enrichment have up to 10-15 (on average) times longer engagement compared to textual posts.





rusne.rutkauskaite@knf.stud.vu.lt ieva.gaucaite@knf.stud.vu.lt



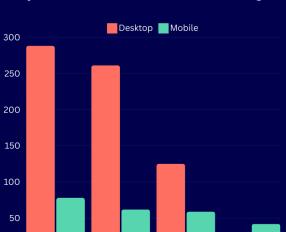
Visitor Behavior Insights: Identifying and Solving Barriers to Engagement

Direct

Email

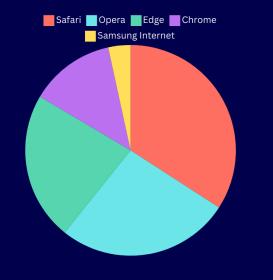
PROBLEM AND RELEVANCE

An analysis of blog visitors showed that some devices and browsers hinder engagement. Identifying and addressing these user groups is vital to enhancing the Organic Search experience and effectiveness of the blog.



OBJECTIVE AND TASKS The goal was to analyze visitor behavior to identify engagement barriers, pinpoint top-performing devices and browsers, and develop optimization recommendations.

Desktop Mobile



METHODS AND RESULTS

Page view User engagement

Google Analytics data was analyzed for device, browser, and traffic source engagement trends.

Devices. Desktop users showed higher engagement than mobile users.

Browsers. Chrome had the most users, but Safari and Opera stayed the longest.

Traffic. Chrome and Opera users from organic searches had the longest sessions.



Kaunas Facultu

AUTHORS: 2ND-YEAR STUDENTS OF MARKETING TECHNOLOGY: GRETA BUDRYTĖ, ROKAS BABINSKAS SUPERVISOR: PROF. DR. DALIA KRIKŠČIŪNIENĖ



Research of Factors Influencing Dog Adoption Processes and Shelter Stay Duration

Jonas Andriuškevičius, Karolis Vaiginis

Problem

Dogs in shelters experience varying lengths of stay, creating challenges for efficient resource allocation and adoption campaigns.

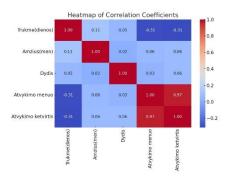
Research Methods

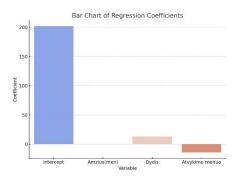
Excel and PowerBI for data cleaning and descriptive statistics: scatter plots, heatmaps, and regression analyses.

Aim

To identify factors that most influence shelter stay duration and adoption speed. Provide a data-driven framework for decision-making in dog shelters.

Key Results





Scatter Plot with Regression Line: Age negatively correlates with shelter stay duration (younger dogs are adopted faster). Bar Chart of Coefficients: Size and intake month significantly influence the duration. Residual Plot: Model fit evaluation showed minimal bias. Logistic regression identified "adopted quickly" predictors, with age and size as primary factors.

Recommendations

Focus on larger and older dogs to balance adoption trends. Allocate more resources during peak intake periods (e.g., summer). Include behavioral and health metrics for more nuanced predictive models.

Additional Details

Shelter Data Analysis - "Penkta koja"

jonas.andriuskevicius@knf.stud.vu.lt karolis.vaiginis@knf.stud.vu.lt



KAUNAS, LIETUVA

November 29th, 2024

MODEL FOR PREDICTING DOG STAY TIME AT "PENKTA KOJA" ANIMAL SHELTER

Simona Šiugždaitė and Ignė Litvaitytė Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Dalia Kriškčiūnienė

PROBLEM AND RELEVENCE

Problem: Long waiting times for dog adoption at shelters. Relevence: Predicting waiting times can help optimize shelter resources and adoption rates.



AIM

Develop a predictive model to estimate a dog's stay duration.

NOVELTY OF PROPOSED SOLUTION

Use of machine learning (XGBoost regression) to predict shelter duration based on characteristics like age, size, and intake quarter.

TASKS

- Collect and preprocess data.
- Optimize a machine learning model.
- Evaluate model accuracy and propose improvements.

RESEARCH METHODS

Model: XGBoost regression.

Data Preprocessing:

- Categorical encoding with OneHotEncoder.
- Standardization of numerical variables.
- Log transformation for target variable.

Hyperparameter Tuning: GridSearchCV with 54 combinations.

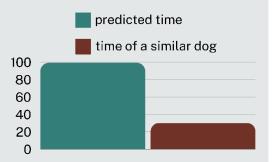
KEY RESULTS



Performance Metrics: Mean Absolute Error (MAE): 59.96 days.

R²: 0.18. **Example Prediction:** For a 2-month-old

Example Prediction: For a 2-month-old black medium-sized dog, who arrived in the first quarter, predicted stay duration is 99.11 days.



RECOMENDATIONS

- Improve the model by incorporating additional data such as temperament and health condition.
- Increase dataset size for more robust predictions.



Refrences:

Data from "Penkta Koja" shelter

Contacts:

mail: igne.litvaityte@knf.stud.vu.lt, simona.siugzdaite@knf.stud.vu.lt



THE INFLUENCE OF AGE AND COLOR ON THE TIME PUPPIES SPEND IN SHELTERS: APPLICATION OF MACHINE LEARNING METHODS IN DATA ANALYSIS

PROBLEM

Determining how specific factors, such as age, size, and coat color, influence the duration of stay for dogs in animal shelters.

RELEVANCE

Reducing shelter stay duration improves resource allocation and increases adoption rates, benefiting both the shelter system and the animals.

NOVELTY

Applying machine learning methods, including supervised and unsupervised learning (neural networks and K-means clustering), to discover patterns in shelter dog data that may not be apparent through traditional statistical methods.

ΔΙΜ

Develop predictive models and group analyses to identify characteristics that impact shelter duration.

TASKS

- 1. Preprocess and clean the dataset for analysis.
- Implement a classification model using neural networks to predict stay duration categories (short, medium, long).
- Perform clustering (K-means) to uncover hidden patterns within the data.
- 4. Visualize findings through graphs and charts.

SOLUTIONS AND RESEARCH METHODS

- 1. Data Collection: Historical shelter dog data including variables such as age, coat color, size, and duration of stay.
- Tools Used: Statistica 7 for neural network and clustering analysis.
- 3. Techniques:
- 4. Neural Networks (Multilayer Perceptron) for classification.
- 5. K-means clustering with different cluster configurations (3, 4, and 5 clusters).
- Statistical preprocessing for handling missing data and categorization.

DATA PROCESSING

The dataset from the "Penkta Koja" shelter was utilized for statistical analysis, focusing on the hypothesis that age and coat color influence the duration of stay for dogs in the shelter. Data was categorized into relevant groups, such as age, coat color, and shelter stay duration. These categorizations enabled the application of statistical methods to extract meaningful insights. By preprocessing and structuring the data effectively, patterns and correlations could be analyzed more comprehensively.

w	X	X Y			
Spalva	Amžius		Trukmė		
Šviesi	Jaunas	iki 4,05 metų	Trumpa		
Tamsi	Vidutinio amžiaus	nuo 4,05 iki 8,11 metų	VidTrukmė		
Vidutinė	Senas	nuo 8,11 iki 12,16 metų	Ilga		

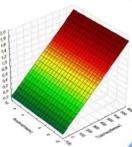


RESULTS

Applying machine learning methods, including supervised and unsupervised learning (neural networks and K-means clustering), to discover patterns in shelter dog data that may not be apparent through traditional statistical methods.

CONCLUSION

Age were confirmed to influence shelter stay duration. Machine learning techniques revealed patterns overlooked by traditional methods, aiding shelters in improving management and strategies for better outcomes.



SUPERVISOR

TEAM

Prof. Dr. Dalia Krikščiūnienė.

Marketing technologies bachelor study programme students, Vilnius university Kaunas Faculty

Aušrinė Vainauskaitė, <u>ausrine.vainauskaite@knf.stud.vu.lt</u> Karolis Vagusevičius, <u>karolis.vagusevicius@knf.stud.vu.l</u>t

ANALYSIS OF PUPPY ADOPTION SPEED FROM "PENKTA KOJA" SHELTER BASED ON DIFFERENT CRITERIA

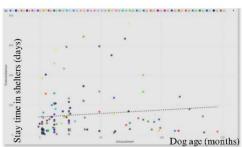
Lukas MALINAUSKAS, Matas Kornelijus VANAGAS

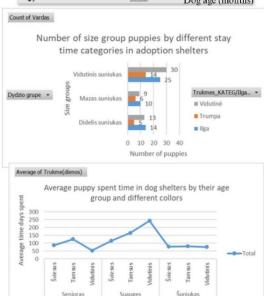
Marketing technologies bachelor study programme, Vilnius University Kaunas Faculty, Muitinės g. 8, Kaunas, 44280, Lithuania

Problem

What factors most significantly influence the speed of puppy adoption at the "Penkta Koja" shelter?

Charts, graphs





Methods and tools

Linear regression, pivot charts, powerBI

Relevance and objectives

This topic is significant for organizations because of its limited analytical tool experience and resources. From an organizational perspective, this study is valuable because shelters can use its findings to optimize their operations and increase adoption rates. The topics objectives are to classify puppies based on size, color, age, spent time and seasonality. Then, identify the primary factors influencing adoption speed. Lastly, provide recommendations for improving the operational efficiency of the shelter. Practically, the recommendations provided can be directly applied to advertising campaigns, seasonal planning, and increasing the adoption opportunities for individual puppies. This not only ensures more efficient use of available resources but also improves the quality of life for puppies by helping them find permanent homes more quickly

Results

A weak positive linear association exists between dog age and shelter duration, with older dogs marginally outlasting younger ones. However, the trend's significance is undermined by substantial variance. The tendency between large and small dog duration categories is similar; however, medium-sized dogs exhibit a more moderate adoption duration, leaning towards average rather than extended periods. During major holidays like Christmas, adoption rates surge, driven by a desire to share warmth and love. Female dogs, particularly, see a sharp increase in adoptions, peaking in January-potentially reflecting their shelter prevalence. Similar patterns emerge for large and medium male dogs and small to medium female dogs. Medium-colored adult dogs exhibit protracted sheltering, hinting at latent adopter biases. Puppies are adopted much faster regardless of color, reflecting their higher demand. It is recommended to intensify advertising campaigns and organize adoption events during warmer seasons.

Contacts:

+ -

lukas.malinauskas@knf.stud.vu.lt matas.vanagas@knf.stud.vu.lt

ONE MILE EARTH

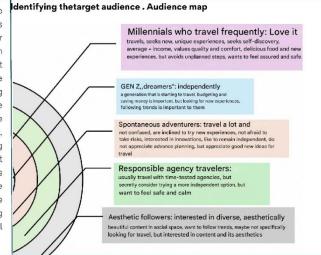
TRAVEL BLOG ANALYSIS

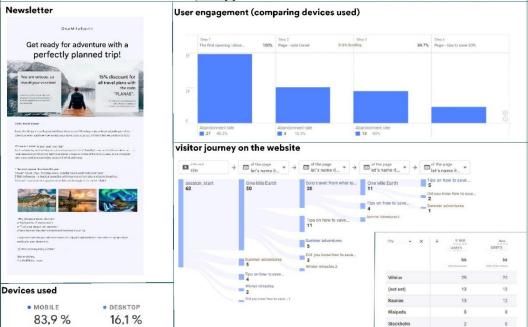
"One mile Earth" Travel journal blog. Blog is intended for beginners and those, who enjoys care-free traveling.

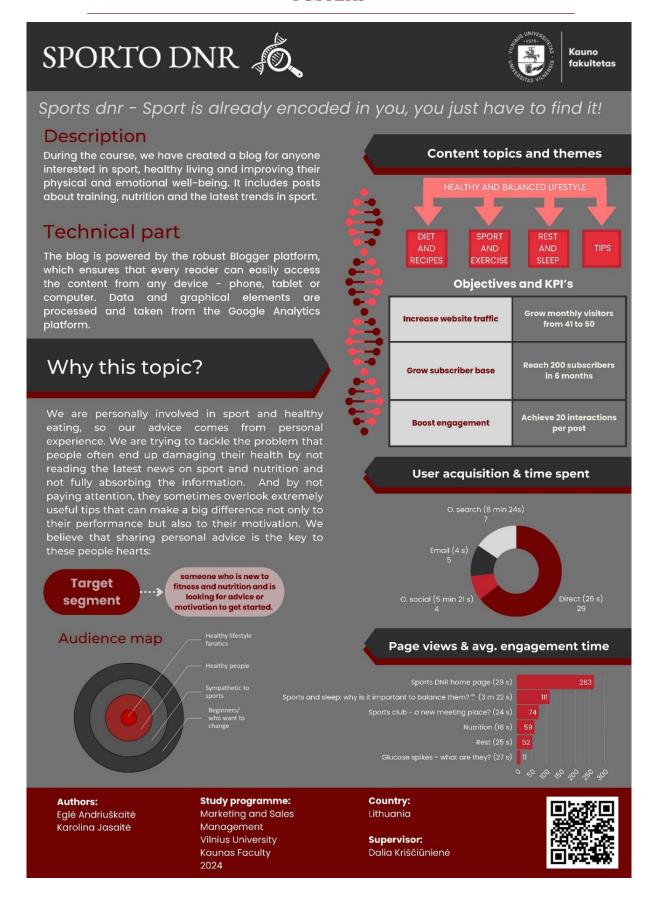
AUTHORS

Deimantė Pažėraitė, Aušrinė Štreimikė, Ieva Trilikauskaitė

This study utilizes Google Analytics to comprehensively evaluate user interactions with the website, analyzing geographic visitor trends, device preferences, and navigation behavior. Results indicate significant differences in engagement based on the devices used, with desktop users showing deeper interaction levels compared to mobile users. Visitor pathways on the website highlight common entry and exit points, suggesting opportunities to optimize the blog structure. Insights into user engagement reveal key areas for improvement, such as tailoring content formats and enhancing site accessibility. These findings contribute to the growing field of internet marketing by offering actionable strategies for enhancing digital platforms in the travel industry.









FACTORS AFFECTING THE REPUTATION OF UAB "KAUNO VANDENYS"

Erika Monstavičiūtė, Alina Šimukonytė, Ignas Lapienis, Titas Repšys Vilnius university Kaunas faculty, Lithuania, Economics and Management, IV Work supervisor: Doc. dr. Ilona Kiaušienė

Corporate reputation is an important intangible asset that enables firms to establish customer relationships (Helm & Salminen, 2010). UAB "Kauno vandenys" faces significant reputational challenges due to declining service quality ratings, ineffective communication, and corruption scandals, all of which negatively impact its public image and trust.

The aim: to assess the reputation of a company and identify key factors influencing customer satisfaction and service perception.

The objectives: 1) to evaluate service quality perceptions among users; 2) to assess company communication with customers; 3) to identify main challenges faced by consumers.

The methods: analysis and synthesis of scientific literature, survey, and analysis of the data obtained with SPSS software.

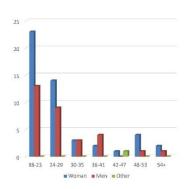


Figure 1. The distribution of respondents by gender and age of the survey

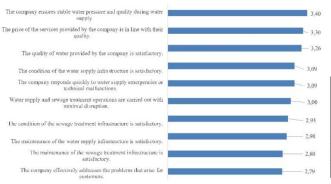


Table 1. Evaluation of company communication with customers by Kaunas city and district consumers

Residenti al Arca	timely manner about		Customer service specialists present information clearly and understandably on the official company website.		Customer service specialists present information clearly and understandably during phone calls.		The company aims to inform customers about important events or work through various communication channels.	
	Disagree, %	Agree, %	Disagree, %	Agree, %	Disagree, %	Agree, %	Disagree, %	Agree, %
Kaunas City	15	40	20	27.5	15	15	15	45
Kaunas District	10.1	50	14,6	56.1	7,3	46.4	14,8	51.8

Only 3,7% of respondents are fully satisfied with the company's performance

Figure 2. Average respondents' satisfaction with the quality of services provided by the company



Table 2. Sa	isfaction of Kaunas city and district residents with services and	
	infrastructure provided by UAB "Kauno vandenys"	

Residential Area	Satisfied with the quality of water provided by the company		Satisfied with the condition of water supply infrastructure		Satisfied with the maintenance of water supply infrastructure		Satisfied with the condition of wastewater management infrastructure		Satisfied with the maintenance of wastewater management infrastructure	
	Disagree, %	Agree, %	Disagree, %	Agree, %	Disagree, %	Agree, %	Disagree, %	Agree, %	Disagree, %	Agree, %
Kaunas City	30	45	32,5	35,5	35	18,5	22,5	42,5	23	37,5
Kaunas District	14,6	46,4	12,2	58,6	14,7	61	9,7	56,1	9,7	48,8

The results of the study show that a company should focus on:

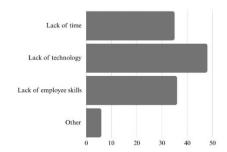
- 1. Enhancing the quality of its employees' work;
- 2. Paying more attention to environmental protection;
- 3. Ensuring the transparency of the company's activities when developing its repuation.



VEREINIGTE HAGEL LITHUANIA Organization Overview

Eva Zakaraitė, Kamilė Povilaitytė, Viltė Daubaraitė, Eglė Paulauskaitė Vilnius University Kaunas Faculty. Lithuania, Economics and Management IV course Work supervisor: Doc. Dr. Ilona Kiaušienė

In modern agriculture, considering climate change and the increasing frequency of extreme weather conditions, crop insurance is becoming increasingly important. "VEREINIGTE HAGEL Lithuania" aims to provide farmers with reliable insurance coverage that meets their needs. The objective of this study is to evaluate the opportunities and challenges for the development of crop insurance services by "VEREINIGTE HAGEL Lithuania." The research tasks are: 1) to analyze consumer perceptions of crop insurance and the services offered by "VEREINIGTE HAGEL"; 2) to identify the factors that influence the demand for crop insurance services. The study seeks to answer the question, "How do climate change and the integration of new technologies affect the demand for crop insurance services by "VEREINIGTE HAGEL Lithuania'?" The research methods include literature analysis, a questionnaire survey, and expert interviews. The study examines the trends in the popularity of crop insurance services in Lithuania and the opportunities to improve insurance products in response to changing consumer needs.



The graph show that the biggest challenge experts face when assessing crop damage is the lack of technology.

87.5% of respondents say that investing in new technologies is a crucial factor to increase a company's competitiveness in the market.

The importance of investing in new technologies	Would new technologies help to increase the competitiveness of Vereinigte Hagel Lietuva in the market?						
	Yes	No	I don't know				
Very important	87,5%	6,3%	6,3%				
Important	53,6%	21,4%	25,5%				
Neutral opinion	33,3%	27,8%	38,9%				
It doesn't matter	12,5%	37,5%	50%				
It doesn't really matter	48,6%	21,6%	29,7%				



Conclusions: The results indicate that the primary factor influencing the choice of crop insurance services is the customization of services to meet individual farmers' needs, while climate change significantly impacts the demand for these services.

Fred D. Davis (2000), A Theoretical Extension of the Technology Acceptance Model: Four Longitudinal Field Studies; Rogers, E.M. (2003) Diffusion of Innovations. Free Press, New York.



"VINTED" USER CUSTOMER SUPPORT SATISFACTION OVERVIEW

Justas Paškauskas, Mykolas Simanaitis, Tomas Achramavičius, Tadas Gatautis Vilnius University Kaunas Faculty. Lithuania, Economics and Management IV course Work's supervisor: Doc. Dr. Ilona Kiaušienė

TOPIC RELEVANCE: In every company, the connection that employees convey to customers is important. Their manner, tone and politeness determine people's opinion and perception of the company. The same applies to the Vinted platform. There are countless things a buyer can be dissatisfied with - packaging, condition, smell, actual appearance, etc. Therefore, the platform must be constantly ready to deal with these problems as quickly as possible and convey the best possible image of the company, in order to have satisfied and returning customers.

PROBLEM: "Vinted" user's satisfaction with the communication of customer support agents.

AIM OF THE STUDY: To investigate customer satisfaction with Vinted's communication and problem solving.

OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY: 1) To find out the customer's expectations of Vinted staff communication and problem solving. 2) To investigate Vinted customers' feedback on the company's communication. 3) To investigate how well the actual problem solving meets expectations.

RESEARCH METHOD: The research methods are a questionnaire survey and a synthesis.

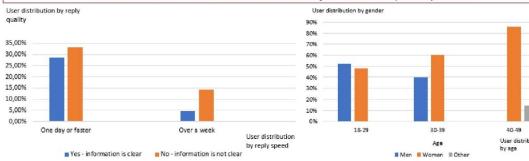


Figure 1: Response speed and information quality correlation

Figure 2: User distribution by age and gender

- The overall trend shows that females make up the majority of the respondents, especially in the older age groups (30-39 and 40-49).
 - 66.6% of respondents who use vinted every day contact Vinted customer service more than once a week.
 - · 38% of respondents use Vinted once a week or less and of these users 69% use customer service.

Conclusions

- 1. Faster responses lead to higher satisfaction, especially when responses are received within one day or faster.
- 2. 33.3% of respondents who received a reply within one day or less felt that the process was not explained in a clear way.
 - 2.1 Only 4.8% of respondents who had to wait more than a week for an answer said that the decision process was explained clearly.
 - 2.2 It can be concluded that very quick answers are not always easy to understand, but satisfaction with the clarity of explanations decreases significantly when the wait is longer than a week.
- 3. 66.6% of respondents who use vinted every day contact Vinted customer service more than once a week. 38% of respondents use Vinted once a week or less and of these users 69% use customer service.



THE SELECTION OF CREDIT SERVICES

Greta Bedalytė, Vaiva Ramanauskaitė, Ugnė Šimonėlytė, Ernestas Žiogas Vilnius University Kaunas Faculty, Lithuania, Economics and Management IV course Work supervisor: Doc. Dr. Ilona Kiaušienė

Topic relevance. According to Šoblinskaitė (2020), consumers choose financial institutions based on key criteria such as interest rates, variety of services, quality of service, ability to manage financial liabilities, and recommendations from others. Credit unions stand out in this field as institutions that offer more favourable interest rates and flexible loan terms that are more in line with members' needs. According to Neeman et al. (2020), credit unions tend to take less risk than banks. This means that credit unions may be more cautious in lending and investing. As a result, they can offer stability and security to consumers looking for financial services. Such consumers often want to be sure that their investments and loans are less risky, and therefore choose credit unions because they often focus on community welfare and social responsibility.

Problem: How do consumers choose credit services companies?

Aim of the study: To investigate consumers' preferences and motives for choosing credit services between credit unions and commercial banks by analysing the characteristics of these institutions and consumer behaviour in the financial sector.

Objectives of the study: 1) To summarise the characteristics of credit institutions 2) To investigate consumer preferences for financial services institutions 3) To identify the factors determining consumers' choice between a commercial bank and a credit union. 4) To identify the motives behind the choice of credit unions.

Research method: the research method includes a quantitative approach, a survey and data analysis.



Figure 3. Ranking of the different factors when choosing a credit institution

Figure 4. Importance of interest rate and gross monthly income

Conclusions

- 1. The primary issue for credit unions is the low level of awareness about their activities among consumers.
- 2. Commercial banks are the main credit institutions that respondents use.
- 3. Reviews, customer service, and interest rates are key factors in the choice of credit institutions.

^{1.} Šoblinskaitė, D. (2020). Fizinių asmenų skolinimosi įpročių tyrimas. 2. Naaman, C., Magnan, M., Hammami, A., Yao, L. (2020) Credit unions vs. commercial banks, who takes more risk?

Krikščiūnienė, D. & I. Šarkiūnaitė (Eds.) "19th Prof. Vladas Gronskas International Scientific Conference: Abstract Book". – Vilnius: Vilnius: Vilnius universiteto leidykla, 2024. – 41 p

ISSN 2669-0233

The "19th Prof. Vladas Gronskas International Scientific Conference" conference is an arena for cooperation and scholarly fellowship with young researchers and bachelor, master, and doctoral students from Lithuania and foreign countries. It is an arena for open discussion where young researchers can present and share their scientific insights. This conference encourages internationalization and closer cooperation between science and business. The conference keynote speakers – business representatives – provide participants with new insights and inspiration for further research. The main goal of this scientific gathering is to contribute to a reliable, safe, effective, and sustainable economy and business development.

Encouraging entrepreneurship is a crucial condition for economic growth, and this puts forward a new approach to business, creativity, value creation, and innovation. It is precisely in this context that business and science should interact.

E-mail: gronsko.konferencija@knf.vu.lt

This conference has received funding from the Research Council of Lithuania (LMTLT), agreement No P-MOR-24-14.



Conference abstract books are published in the diamond open access journal Vilnius University Open Series (indexed in BASE, CNKI, CORE, Dimensions, DOAJ Seal, EBSCO, ERIH PLUS, Google Scholar (h-index 2, g-index 3), JournalTOCs, ROAD, ScienceOpen, Scilit, Sherpa Romeo).

Conference proceedings are published in the diamond open-access journal Vilnius University Proceedings (indexed in BASE, CNKI, CORE, Dimensions, EBSCO, Google Scholar, JournalTOCs, ROAD, ScienceGate, ScienceOpen, Scilit, Sherpa Romeo).

Technical editor: Donatas Misiūnas

Vilnius University Press, Saulėtekio Av. 9, LT-10222 Vilnius info@leidykla.vu.lt, www.leidykla.vu.lt Knygos internete knygynas.vu.lt Mokslo periodikos žurnalai zurnalai.vu.lt

